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Effect of irrigation levels on vegetative growth and yield characteristics in white onion (*Allium cepa* L.) in Konkan region

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Department of Irrigation and Drainage Engineering, College of Agricultural Engineering and Technology, Dr. Balasaheb Sawant Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli, RATNAGIRI (M.S.) INDIA ■ ABSTRACT : An experiment was conducted at College of Agricultural Engineering and Technology, Dapoli to assess the effect of irrigation levels on vegetative growth and yield characteristics in white onion on micro-irrigation system. In the present investigation white onion variety Alibag local was tested under three irrigation levels namely I₁ (no deficit), I₂ (20% deficit) and I₃ (40% deficit) on mini-sprinkler (M₁) and micro-sprinkler (M₂) irrigation methods, while the conventional check basin method was taken as control. The maximum average yield was attained in irrigation level I₁ as 39.82 t/ha, whiles the minimum average yield of 24.97 t/ha was recorded for irrigation level I₃. The maximum yield of 42.37 t/ha was recorded for treatment combination M₂I₁ followed by treatment combinations M₁I₁ (37.26 t/ha) and M₂I₂ (36.03 t/ha). In control treatment the yield of 17.52 t/ha was recorded. The maximum water use efficiency 14.51 q/ha-cm was reported in treatment combination M₂I₁ and the minimum water use was found 10.98 q/ha-cm in treatment combination M₁I₃. The fertilizer use efficiency followed the same trend. The maximum fertilizer use efficiency 176.12 was recorded in treatment combination M₂I₁ and minimum 99.54 was obtained in treatment combination M₁I₃. In control fertilizer use efficiency was 73.01, which was lowest amongst all treatments.

- KEY WORDS : Deficit irrigation, White onion, Mini-sprinklers, Micro-sprinklers
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